

Spectral Gamma-Ray Borehole Log Data Report

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Log Event A

Borehole

20-07-05

Borehole Information

N-Coord: 45,195 **W-Coord**: $\underline{52,734}$ **TOC** Elevation: $\underline{654.89}$

Water Level, ft : Date Drilled : $\frac{4/30/1970}{}$

Casing Record

Type: Steel-welded Thickness: 0.280 ID, in.: 6

Top Depth, ft. : $\underline{0}$ Bottom Depth, ft. : $\underline{100}$

Borehole Notes:

Borehole 20-07-05 was drilled in April 1970 to a depth of 100 ft. The borehole was completed with 6-in. casing. Data from the drilling log and Chamness and Merz (1993) were used to provide borehole construction information. These references do not indicate that the borehole casing was perforated or grouted. The casing thickness is presumed to be 0.280 in., on the basis of the published thickness for schedule-40, 6-in. steel tubing.

Equipment Information

 Logging System :
 1B
 Detector Type :
 HPGe
 Detector Efficiency:
 35.0 %

 Calibration Date :
 02/1997
 Calibration Reference :
 GJO-HAN-14
 Logging Procedure :
 P-GJPO-1783

Logging Information

Log Run Number: 1 Log Run Date: 09/22/1997 Logging Engineer: Bob Spatz

Start Depth, ft.: $\underline{97.0}$ Counting Time, sec.: $\underline{100}$ L/R: \underline{L} Shield: \underline{N} Finish Depth, ft.: $\underline{42.5}$ MSA Interval, ft.: $\underline{0.5}$ Log Speed, ft/min.: $\underline{n/a}$

Log Run Number: 2 Log Run Date: 09/23/1997 Logging Engineer: Bob Spatz

Start Depth, ft.: $\underline{43.5}$ Counting Time, sec.: $\underline{100}$ L/R: \underline{L} Shield: \underline{Y} Finish Depth, ft.: $\underline{13.5}$ MSA Interval, ft.: $\underline{0.5}$ Log Speed, ft/min.: $\underline{n/a}$

Log Run Number: 3 Log Run Date: 09/25/1997 Logging Engineer: Bob Spatz

Start Depth, ft.: $\underline{14.5}$ Counting Time, sec.: $\underline{100}$ L/R: \underline{L} Shield: \underline{N} Finish Depth, ft.: $\underline{0.0}$ MSA Interval, ft.: $\underline{0.5}$ Log Speed, ft/min.: $\underline{n/a}$



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Borehole 20-07-05

Log Event A

Logging Operation Notes:

This borehole was logged by the SGLS in three log runs. The top of the borehole casing, which is the zero reference for the SGLS, is even with the ground surface. The total logging depth achieved was 97.0 ft.

Analysis Information

Analyst: P.D. Henwood

Data Processing Reference : MAC-VZCP 1.7.9 Analysis Date : 05/03/1999

Analysis Notes :

The pre-survey and post-survey field verification for the logging run met the acceptance criteria established for peak shape and system efficiency. The energy calibration and peak-shape calibration from the accepted calibration spectrum that most closely matched the field data were used to establish the peak resolution and channel-to-energy parameters used in processing the spectra acquired during the logging operation.

A casing correction factor for a 0.280-in.-thick steel casing was applied to the concentration data during the analysis process.

Log Plot Notes:

Separate log plots show the man-made and the naturally occurring radionuclides. The natural radionuclides can be used for lithology interpretations. The headings of the plots identify the specific gamma rays used to calculate the concentrations. Uncertainty bars on the plots show the statistical uncertainties for the measurements as 95-percent confidence intervals. Open circles on the plots give the MDL. The MDL of a radionuclide represents the lowest concentration at which positive identification of a gamma-ray peak is statistically defensible.

A combination plot includes the man-made and natural radionuclides, the total gamma derived from the spectral data, and the Tank Farms gross gamma log. The gross gamma plot displays the latest available digital data. No attempt has been made to adjust the depths of the gross gamma logs to coincide with the SGLS data.

A plot including historical gross gamma logs from 1975 to 1982 is included to show changes in gamma-ray intensity over time for a depth interval from about 60 to 80 ft.

Results/Interpretations:

The radionuclide Cs-137 was the only man-made contaminant detected around this borehole. The Cs-137 contamination was detected continuously from the ground surface to a depth of about 7 ft, almost continuously from 62 to 65.5 ft, and at 85.5 ft. The measured concentrations were less than 2 pCi/g with a maximum concentration of about 1.5 pCi/g at 1.5 ft.

The K-40 concentrations increase at about 52 ft, possibly representing the transition from the backfill material to the undisturbed Hanford formation sediments. This transition is approximately 12 ft deeper than observed in most B Tank Farm boreholes where the transition typically occurs near the bases of the tanks at about 40 ft.

Additional information and interpretations of log data are included in the main body of the Tank Summary Data Report for tank B-107.